

1. Let  $\gamma \in \mathbb{C}$  and consider the function  $f(z) = z^\gamma = e^{\gamma \log(z)}$ . Show that it is holomorphic on the domain  $\mathcal{U} = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{z : \operatorname{Im}(z) = 0, \operatorname{Re}(z) \leq 0\}$  and that its derivative satisfies

$$f'(z) = \gamma z^{\gamma-1}.$$

2. Consider the function  $f(z) = \log(1+z^2)$ . What is its domain of definition? What is the biggest open subset of  $\mathbb{C}$  on which  $f(z)$  is holomorphic? Compute its derivative.

3. (*Matrix representation of complex numbers*) For any complex number  $z = x + yi$ ,  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ , define the  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $M(z)$  by

$$M(z) \doteq \begin{pmatrix} x & -y \\ y & x \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that

$$M(z_1 + z_2) = M(z_1) + M(z_2), \quad M(z_1 \cdot z_2) \text{ and, for } z \neq 0 : M(z^{-1}) = (M(z))^{-1}.$$

4. Let  $z = x + yi \rightarrow f(z) = u(x, y) + v(x, y)i$  be an entire function. Define the following vector fields on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ :

$$F(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} u(x, y) \\ -v(x, y) \end{pmatrix}, \quad G(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} v(x, y) \\ u(x, y) \end{pmatrix}.$$

Compute the divergence and the curl of  $F$  and  $G$ .

5. Let  $f : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be holomorphic. Show that if  $\operatorname{Re}(f)$  is constant, then  $f$  is also constant. (*Hint: Use the Cauchy–Riemann equations.*). Similarly, show that if  $|f|$  is constant, then  $f$  is constant.

6. Compute the following contour integrals:

- $\int_{\gamma} (z^2 + 1) dz$ , where  $\gamma = [1, 1+i]$  (line segment connecting 1 with  $1+i$ ).
- $\int_{\gamma} \operatorname{Re}(z^2) dz$ , where  $\gamma = \{z : |z| = 1\}$  oriented counter-clockwise.
- $\int_{\gamma} \frac{z+1}{z^2+2} dz$ , where  $\gamma = \{z : |z| = 1\}$  oriented clockwise.